

Policy statement

Every employer faces the risk that something will go badly wrong in their organisation and ought to welcome the opportunity to address it as early as possible. Whenever such a situation arises the first people to know of such a risk will usually be employees yet while these are the people best placed to speak up before damage is done, they often fear they have the most to lose if they do (otherwise known as “whistleblowing”). They may also feel that speaking up would be disloyal to their colleagues or to the Council and they may fear harassment or victimisation. In these circumstances it may be easier to ignore the concern rather than report what may just be a suspicion of malpractice.

The Council is committed to the highest possible standards of openness, probity and accountability. In line with that commitment we actively encourage employees, and others that we deal with, who have serious concerns about any aspect of the Council’s work to come forward and voice those concerns.

This document makes it clear that you can raise concerns without fear of victimisation, subsequent discrimination or disadvantage. This whistleblowing policy and procedure is intended to encourage and enable employees to raise serious concerns within the Council rather than overlooking a problem.

Whistleblowing is the popular term used when someone who works in an organisation raises a concern that could threaten customers, colleagues, the public or the organisation’s own reputation. As an early warning system, whistleblowing can help alert employers to risks such as:

- a danger in the workplace;
- fraud in, or by the organisation;
- offering, taking or soliciting bribes;
- damage to the environment;
- failure to comply with appropriate professional standards;
- gross waste or mismanagement of funds;
- serious misuse or abuse of authority;
- misreporting performance data; or
- neglect of people in care.

Whistleblowing concerns as distinct from grievances

Whistleblowing is where an employee has a concern about danger or illegality that has a public interest aspect to it. A grievance or private complaint is, by contrast, a dispute about the employee’s own employment position and has no additional public interest dimension.

Therefore, any issues surrounding an employees’ own contracts of employment, bullying or harassment, should be raised under the existing Council policies for these issues (copies of which can be obtained on the Council’s intranet site). Where issues involve potential cases of fraud, bribery or corruption, employees should also refer to the Council’s anti-fraud and corruption policy and procedure.

Aims of this policy and procedure

The aims of the whistleblowing policy and procedure are as follows:

- To encourage employees to feel confident about raising concerns and to question and act on those concerns.
- To provide ways for employees to receive feedback where appropriate on any action taken as a result.
- To reassure employees that if they raise concerns in the public interest and reasonably believe them to be true (*known as a public interest disclosure), the Council will not tolerate any reprisal against an employee because they have raised a concern under the policy, and will treat any such reprisal as a disciplinary matter which might lead to dismissal. However, this assurance is not extended to those who maliciously raise a concern that they know is false, which is also considered a disciplinary matter.
- To ensure that employees are aware of the options available to them if they are dissatisfied with the Council's response.

* No agreement made before, during or after employment, between an employee and the Council will preclude that employee from making a public interest disclosure.

Who is covered by the policy and procedure?

The Council's whistleblowing policy and procedure applies equally to employees, Councillors, job applicants, volunteers, agency workers and Council contractors, suppliers and partners.

Raising a concern

While it is hoped this policy and procedure will reassure employees to raise concerns internally, the Council accepts that employees can safely contact an appropriate external body. Therefore, you may wish to, or benefit from, talking the matter through in confidence with such an external body. If so, independent and confidential advice is available through the organisation Public Concern at Work, who can be contacted as follows:

Public Concern at Work

CAN Mezzanine

7 - 14 Great Dover Street

London

SE1 4YR

(Tel: 020 7404 6609)

(Advice line: whistle@pcaw.org.uk)

(www.pcaw.org.uk)



Public Concern at Work is a whistleblowing charity that aims to protect society by encouraging workplace whistleblowing. They operate a free, confidential advice line for workers with whistleblowing dilemmas.

If you decide to go ahead with raising a whistleblowing concern, the Council hopes that you will feel able to raise it with your line manager. Where you do not feel that is an option or a sensible course (for example because the issue may involve your manager), or if the concern has been raised locally but remains unaddressed, the concern can be safely raised at a higher level by using the Council's confidential whistleblowing hotline:



Whistleblowing hotline: (01902) 550550

(24 hours a day, 7 days a week, answerphone out of office hours)

Alternately, concerns can be raised directly with the following officers:

Peter Farrow - Head of Audit Services

Tel: (01902) 554460

e-mail: peter.farrow@wolverhampton.gov.uk

Kevin O'Keefe – Director of Governance/Monitoring Officer

Tel: (01902) 554910

e-mail: kevin.o'keefe@wolverhampton.gov.uk

This policy and procedure is intended to provide you with an avenue within the Council to raise concerns. The Council hopes you will be satisfied with any action taken. If you are not, and if you feel it is right to take the matter outside the Council, the following may be useful contact points:

Public Concern at Work (contact details above)

The Council's external auditors:

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Colmore Plaza

20 Colmore Circus

Birmingham

B4 6AT

(Tel: 0121 212 4000)

Whilst anonymous allegations will be assessed and action taken where appropriate, it is much more difficult to properly investigate matters raised anonymously. The whistleblowing policy and procedure is designed to protect anyone raising concerns and individuals utilising the provisions of the policy are encouraged to identify themselves. Obviously, feedback relating to any investigation which has been undertaken can only be provided where contact details are known.

How will the Council respond?

Where a concern is raised, whether formally under the policy or not, the manager will listen carefully, avoid pre-judging the issue and decide whether it should be dealt with under the whistleblowing policy.

Some concerns may be more suitable to be investigated and dealt with by managers through alternative Council procedures such as the disciplinary or grievance processes. Also, concerns or allegations which fall within the scope of other specific procedures (for example, child protection issues) will normally be referred for consideration under those procedures.

Where it is decided that it is a whistleblowing concern, and in all cases where a concern is raised formally (by invoking the policy), the manager should notify the head of audit services. A decision will then be taken between both parties, as to the most appropriate way in which the concern can be investigated, dependent upon how serious and urgent the risk is, for example

an audit services investigation, other internal investigation, referral to the police or other external organisation.

You will be told how and by whom your concern will be handled, and be given an estimate of how long any investigation will take.

If you would like an update or feedback following the raising of your concern, you will be told, where appropriate the outcome of the investigation. However, due to the legal obligations of confidentiality the Council owes other employees, it might not be able to freely provide feedback on the outcome of any disciplinary action taken against another employee.

The Council will respect confidentiality and your identity will be kept confidential if you request, unless disclosure is required by law. However, the Council cannot guarantee that others may not try to deduce (correctly or otherwise) your identity. If you are wrongly identified as having raised a concern, the protection offered to whistleblowers within the policy, will also apply to you.

Reporting

The Head of Audit Services will maintain a record of all key details of concerns raised under the whistleblowing policy and procedure and will report on whistleblowing concerns and their outcomes, as necessary to the Audit and Risk Committee in accordance with the principles on confidentiality.

In the event that a member of the Audit and Risk Committee is dissatisfied with any aspect of how the concern has been dealt with, the matter will be referred to the Council's external auditors.

An annual report summarising activity undertaken under the Council's whistleblowing policy and procedure will also be submitted to the Audit and Risk Committee. This report will include:

- a record of the number and types of concerns raised and the outcomes of investigations;
- feedback from individuals who have used the arrangements;
- any complaints of victimisation;
- any complaints of failures to maintain confidentiality;
- a review of other existing reporting mechanisms, such as fraud, incident reporting or health and safety;
- a review of other adverse incidents that could have been identified by staff (e.g. complaints, publicity or wrongdoing identified by third parties);
- a review of any relevant litigation; and
- a review of staff awareness, trust and confidence in the arrangements.

Review of the whistleblowing policy and procedure

The Council's whistleblowing policy and procedure will be reviewed on an annual basis by the Head of Audit Services and the Audit and Risk Committee to ensure that it remains up to date, fit for purpose and represents generally accepted good practice.