

# Audit and Risk Committee

6 December 2021

<b>Report title</b>	Internal Audit Charter – Annual Review	
<b>Accountable director</b>	Clare Nye	Finance
<b>Originating service</b>	Audit	
<b>Accountable employee</b>	Peter Farrow Tel Email	Head of Audit 01902 554460 peter.farrow@wolverhampton.gov.uk
<b>Report to be/has been considered by</b>	Not applicable	

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## Recommendation for decision:

The Audit and Risk Committee is recommended to:

1. Carry out an annual review of, and approve the Internal Audit Charter.

## **1.0 Purpose**

- 1.1 The Charter was originally approved by the Committee in September 2013 and is now due for its latest review. The Charter was last reviewed in September 2020, and has since been updated to incorporate a section on Equalities and Internal Audit.

## **2.0 Background**

- 2.1 There is a statutory requirement for Internal Audit to work in accordance with the 'proper audit practices'. These 'proper audit practices' are in effect the 'Public Sector Internal Audit Standards' and the Internal Audit Charter reflects this.

## **3.0 Progress, options, discussion**

- 3.1 The Internal Audit Charter will continue to be subject to annual review by the Audit and Risk Committee.

## **4.0 Financial implications**

- 4.1 There are no financial implications arising from the recommendations in this report.  
[GE/23112021/S]

## **5.0 Legal implications**

- 5.1 There are no legal implications arising from the recommendations in this report.  
[TC/26112021/K]

## **6.0 Equalities implications**

- 6.1 Equalities issues form part of the Audit Universe which is used to help inform the Annual Internal Audit Plan. Equalities issues are also implicit in a number of audit related activities undertaken during each year. This has also been included in this latest version of the Internal Audit Charter.

## **7.0 All other implications**

- 7.1 There are no other implications arising from the recommendations in this report.

## **8.0 Schedule of background papers**

- 8.1 There is no schedule of background papers.

This report is PUBLIC  
[NOT PROTECTIVELY MARKED]

# Internal Audit Charter

CITY OF  
WOLVERHAMPTON  
COUNCIL



**Stronger  
Economy**



**Stronger  
Communities**



**Stronger  
Organisation**

### *Definition of internal auditing*

Internal auditing is an independent, objective assurance and consulting activity designed to add value and improve an organisation's operations. It helps an organisation accomplish its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control and governance processes.

### *Mission of internal audit*

To enhance and protect organisational value by providing risk-based and objective assurance, advice and insight.

### *Core Principles for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing*

- Demonstrates integrity.
- Demonstrates competence and due professional care.
- Is objective and free from undue influence (independent).
- Aligns with the strategies, objectives, and risks of the organisation.
- Is appropriately positioned and adequately resourced.
- Demonstrates quality and continuous improvement.
- Communicates effectively.
- Provides risk-based assurance.
- Is insightful, proactive, and future-focused.
- Promotes organisational improvement

### *Authority and standards*

Internal audit is a statutory service in the context of the Accounts and Audit Regulations (Amendment)(England) 2015. Section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972 requires local authorities to make arrangements for the proper administration of their financial affairs and appoint a Chief Financial Officer to have responsibility for those arrangements

The Local Government, England and Wales, Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 also states that: *"A relevant authority must undertake an effective internal audit to evaluate the effectiveness of its risk management, control and governance processes, taking into account public sector internal auditing standards or guidance"*. These Standards have been adopted by the Council's internal audit section.

The responsibility for ensuring that the Council has an effective internal audit has been delegated to the Chief Financial Officer/Section 151 Officer.

In the Council's Financial Procedure Rules, the Section 151 Officer has the responsibility to ensure that an adequate and effective internal audit of all Council activities is carried out in accordance with the most recent CIPFA Statements on Internal Audit Practice and relevant legislation.

Internal audit have the right of access to all records, assets, personnel and premises, including those of partner organisations, and has the authority to obtain such information and explanations as it considers necessary to fulfil its responsibilities.

Public Sector Internal  
Audit Standards

Applying the ISA International Standards to  
the UK Public Sector



Throughout the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards, reference is made to the terms 'Chief Audit Executive', 'board' and 'senior management'. For the purposes of this Charter, the 'Chief Audit Executive' is defined as the Head of Audit the 'board' as the Audit and Risk Committee and 'senior management' as the Strategic Executive Board.

### *Scope and objectives of internal audit activities*

The scope of work of internal audit is to determine whether the Council's risk management, control, and governance processes are adequate and effective in order to ensure that:

- Key risks are identified and managed;
- Key financial, managerial, and operating information is accurate, reliable, and timely;
- Employees' actions are in compliance with policies, standards, procedures, and applicable laws and regulations;
- Resources are acquired economically, used efficiently, and adequately protected;
- Programs, plans, and objectives are achieved;
- Quality and continuous improvement are fostered in the Council's control process; and
- Key legislative and regulatory issues impacting the Council are identified and addressed appropriately.

Internal audit's remit extends to the entire control environment of the Council and not just financial controls. Where other internal or external assurance providers may have undertaken relevant assurance and audit work, internal audit will seek to rely on the work of these other assurance providers where professional standards would make it appropriate to do so.

### *Responsibilities*

Internal audit has a responsibility to:

- Provide a cost effective and value added full internal audit service;
- Develop a flexible annual audit plan using a risk-based methodology;
- Implement the annual audit plan;
- Track status of outstanding management actions;
- Provide regular updates on the work of internal audit to the Audit and Risk Committee and where appropriate, senior officers;
- Assist, as needed, in the investigation of significant suspected fraudulent activities within the organisation; and
- Work with the External Auditor and other review bodies to share assurance and minimise duplication.

### *Organisational independence*

Internal audit is involved in the determination of its priorities in consultation with those charged with governance. The Head of Audit has direct access and freedom to report in his own name to all officers and councillors and particularly to those charged with governance. If required the Head of Audit may request to meet privately with the Audit and Risk Committee.

Internal audit will remain sufficiently independent of the activities that it audits to enable auditors to perform their duties in a manner which facilitates impartial and effective professional judgements and recommendations.

Objectivity is presumed to be impaired when individual auditors review any activity in which they have previously had operational responsibility. If individual auditors are extensively consulted during system, policy or procedure development, and independence could be seen as being compromised, or if they have had previous operational roles, they will be precluded from reviewing and making comments during routine or future audits, for the remainder of that financial year and for the following financial year after their involvement.

#### *Accountability, reporting lines and relationships*

The Head of Audit reports on an administrative basis to the Section 151 Officer and reports functionally to the Audit and Risk Committee, the Chief Executive and other senior management. An Annual report will also be produced and presented to the Audit and Risk Committee which will include an 'opinion' from the Head of Audit on the adequacy and effectiveness of internal control, risk management and governance within the Council.

A written report will be prepared by internal audit for every internal audit review. The report will be subject to an internal quality review before being issued to the responsible officer and, where appropriate, will include an 'opinion' on the adequacy of controls in the area that has been audited. The responsible officer will be asked to respond to the report in writing. The written response must show what actions have been taken or are planned in relation to each recommendation. Accountability for the response to the advice and recommendation of Internal Audit lies with management, who either accept and implement the advice or formally reject it.

The full role and responsibilities of the Audit and Risk Committee are detailed in their terms of reference, which are based on the model provided by CIPFA in their "Audit Committees – Practical Guidance for Local Authorities".

#### *Internal audit resourcing*

Internal audit must be appropriately staffed in terms of numbers, grades, qualification levels and experience. Internal auditors need to be properly trained to fulfill their responsibilities and should maintain their professional competence. The Section 151 Officer is responsible for the appointment of the Head of Audit, who must be suitably qualified and experienced. The Head of Audit is responsible for appointing all of the other staff to internal audit and will ensure that appointments are made in order to achieve the appropriate mix of qualifications, experience and audit skills. The Head of Audit is also responsible for ensuring that the resources of internal audit are sufficient to meet its responsibilities and achieve its objectives. If a situation arose whereby it was concluded that resources were insufficient, this must be formally reported to the Section 151 Officer, and, if the position is not resolved, to the Audit and Risk Committee.

#### *Fraud*

Managing the risk of fraud is the responsibility of management. Audit procedures alone, even when performed with due professional care, cannot guarantee that fraud or corruption will be detected. Internal audit does not have responsibility for the prevention or detection of fraud and corruption. Internal auditors will, however, be alert in all their work to risks and exposures that could allow fraud or corruption. Internal audit may be requested by management to assist with fraud related work. It is a requirement of the council's Anti-Fraud and Corruption Policy that any concerns over suspected fraud and corruption should be raised initially with the Head of Audit Services. Internal audit will then control any such investigations.

### *Advisory work*

The standards allow that internal audit effort may, where considered to have the right skills, experience and available resource, sometimes be more usefully focused towards providing advice rather than assurance over key controls. Any such internal audit involvement in consultancy and advisory work, would only take place where it would not constitute a conflict of interest in keeping an independent stance. Any significant additional consulting services will be approved by the Audit and Risk Committee beforehand.

### *Equalities*

Equalities issues form part of the Audit Universe which is used to help inform the Annual Internal Audit Plan. Equalities issues are also implicit in a number of audit related activities undertaken during each year.

### *Review of the internal audit charter*

This charter will be reviewed annually by the Head of Audit Services and the Audit and Risk Committee.